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SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION		
Product name	: Pennzoil Ultra Euro L 5W-30 Full	l Synthetic Motor Oil
Product code	: 001D7472	
Manufacturer or supplier	's details	
Manufacturer/Supplier	: Shell Oil Products US P.O. Box 4427 Houston TX 77210-4427 USA	
SDS Request Customer Service	: (+1) 877-276-7285 :	
Emergency telephone nu	mber	
	: 877-504-9351 : 877-242-7400	
	e chemical and restrictions on use	
Recommended use	: Engine oil.	

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

GHS Label element

Hazard pictograms	: No Hazard Symbol required
Signal word	: No signal word
Hazard statements	 PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health hazard under GHS criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria.
Precautionary statements	 Prevention: No precautionary phrases. Response: No precautionary phrases. Storage: No precautionary phrases. Disposal: No precautionary phrases.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

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Used oil may contain harmful impurities. Not classified as flammable but will burn.

The classification of this material is based on OSHA HCS 2012 criteria.

Under normal conditions of use or in a foreseeable emergency, this product does not meet the definition of a hazardous chemical when evaluated according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical nature	 Synthetic base oil and additives. Highly refined mineral oil. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO- extract, according to IP346. The highly refined mineral oil is only present as additive dilu- ent.
	* contains one or more of the following CAS-numbers: 64742- 53-6, 64742-54-7, 64742-55-8, 64742-56-9, 64742-65-0, 68037-01-4, 72623-86-0, 72623-87-1, 8042-47-5, 848301-69- 9.

Hazardous components

Chemical Name	Synonyms	CAS-No.	Concentration (%)
Alkylated phenol ester		125643-61-0	1 - 3
Interchangeable low vis- cosity base oil (<20,5 cSt @40°C) *		Not Assigned	0 - 90

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

General advice	: Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions.
If inhaled	: No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
In case of skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with wa- ter and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
In case of eye contact	: Flush eye with copious quantities of water. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
If swallowed	: In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	: Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.
Protection of first-aiders	: When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the
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	appropriate personal protective equipr incident, injury and surroundings.	ment according to the
Immediate medical attention, special treatment	: Treat symptomatically.	

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dio- xide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water in a jet.
Specific hazards during fire- fighting	:	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.
Specific extinguishing me- thods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir- cumstances and the surrounding environment.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- tive equipment and emer- gency procedures	:	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Environmental precautions	:	Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contami- nation. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
		Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly.

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Additional advice	: For guidance on selection of pe see Chapter 8 of this Safety Da For guidance on disposal of spi this Safety Data Sheet.	ta Sheet.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures	:	Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
Precautions for safe handling	:	Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning mate- rials in order to prevent fires.
Avoidance of contact	:	Strong oxidising agents.
Product Transfer	:	This material has the potential to be a static accumulator. Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used during all bulk transfer operations.
Storage		
Other data	:	Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers.
		Store at ambient temperature.
Packaging material	:	Suitable material: For containers or container linings, use mild steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.
Container Advice	:	Polyethylene containers should not be exposed to high tem- peratures because of possible risk of distortion.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••				
Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of	Control parame- ters / Permissible	Basis
		exposure)	concentration	
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA ((inhal-	5 mg/m3	US. ACGIH
		able frac-		Threshold
		tion))		Limit Values
		(Mist)	5 mg/m3	OSHA_TRA
				NS

Components with workplace control parameters

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Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Engineering measures

 The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

General Information:

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product. Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection	 No respiratory protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precautions should be taken to avoid breathing of material. If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentra-

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	tions to a level which is adequa select respiratory protection eq cific conditions of use and meet Check with respiratory protectiv Where air-filtering respirators a priate combination of mask and Select a filter suitable for the co and vapours [Type A/Type P b	uipment suitable for the spe- ting relevant legislation. ve equipment suppliers. re suitable, select an appro- l filter. ombination of organic gases
Hand protection		
Remarks	: Where hand contact with the pr gloves approved to relevant sta US: F739) made from the follow suitable chemical protection. PV gloves Suitability and durability usage, e.g. frequency and dura sistance of glove material, dext glove suppliers. Contaminated Personal hygiene is a key elem Gloves must only be worn on cl gloves, hands should be washe cation of a non-perfumed moist For continuous contact we reco through time of more than 240 480 minutes where suitable glo short-term/splash protection we recognize that suitable gloves of may not be available and in this time maybe acceptable so long and replacement regimes are for a good predictor of glove resists dependent on the exact compo Glove thickness should be typic depending on the glove make a	andards (e.g. Europe: EN374, wing materials may provide VC, neoprene or nitrile rubber of a glove is dependent on ation of contact, chemical re- erity. Always seek advice from gloves should be replaced. then of effective hand care. lean hands. After using ed and dried thoroughly. Appli- turizer is recommended. ommend gloves with break- minutes with preference for > twes can be identified. For e recommend the same, but offering this level of protection is case a lower breakthrough as appropriate maintenance ollowed. Glove thickness is not ance to a chemical as it is sition of the glove material. cally greater than 0.35 mm
Eye protection	: If material is handled such that protective eyewear is recomme	
Skin and body protection	: Skin protection is not ordinarily work clothes. It is good practice to wear chem	
Protective measures	: Personal protective equipment mended national standards. Ch	
Environmental exposure	controls	
General advice	: Take appropriate measures to f vant environmental protection le of the environment by following necessary, prevent undissolved charged to waste water. Waste municipal or industrial waste wa discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission lir	egislation. Avoid contamination advice given in Chapter 6. If d material from being dis- water should be treated in a ater treatment plant before

Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing vapour.

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SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	: liquid
Colour	: clear
Odour	: Slight hydrocarbon
Odour Threshold	: Data not available
рН	: Not applicable
pour point	: -39 °C / -38 °FMethod: ASTM D97
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: > 280 °C / 536 °Festimated value(s)
Flash point	: 420 °C / 788 °F Method: ASTM D92
Evaporation rate	: Data not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Data not available
Upper explosion limit	: Typical 10 %(V)
Lower explosion limit	: Typical 1 %(V)
Vapour pressure	: < 0.5 Pa (20 °C / 68 °F) estimated value(s)
Relative vapour density	: > 1estimated value(s)
Relative density	: 0.850 (15.6 °C / 60.1 °F)
Density	: 850 kg/m3 (15.6 °C / 60.1 °F) Method: Unspecified
Solubility(ies) Water solubility	: negligible
Solubility in other solvents	: Data not available
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Pow: > 6(based on information on similar products)
Auto-ignition temperature	: > 320 °C / 608 °F
Viscosity Viscosity, dynamic	: Data not available

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Viscosity, kinematic	: 67.1 mm2/s (40.0 °C / 104.0 °F) Method: ASTM D445	
	12 mm2/s (100 °C / 212 °F) Method: ASTM D445	
Conductivity	: This material is not expected to be	a static accumulator.
Decomposition temperature	: Data not available	

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	: The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.	
Chemical stability	: Stable.	
Possibility of hazardous reac- tions	: Reacts with strong oxidising agents.	
Conditions to avoid	: Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.	
Incompatible materials	: Strong oxidising agents.	
Hazardous decomposition products	: Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to forr during normal storage.	n

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

the toxicology of sir the data presented	s based on data on the components and milar products.Unless indicated otherwise, is representative of the product as a for individual component(s).
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Information on likely routes of exposure

Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.

Acute toxicity

Product:	
Acute oral toxicity	: LD50 (rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:
Acute inhalation toxicity	: Remarks: Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal conditions of use.
Acute dermal toxicity	: LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:

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Skin corrosion/irritation Product: Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis. Serious eye damage/eye irritation Product: Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating. Respiratory or skin sensitisation Product: Remarks: Not expected to be a skin sensitiser. Germ cell mutagenicity Product: : Remarks: Not considered a mutagenic hazard. Carcinogenicity Product: Remarks: Not expected to be carcinogenic. IARC No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC. ACGIH No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH. **OSHA** No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA. NTP No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP. **Reproductive toxicity** Product: Remarks: Not expected to impair fertility., Not expected to be a developmental toxicant.

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STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not considered an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Continuous contact with used engine oils has caused skin cancer in animal tests.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	:	Ecotoxicological data have not been determined for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of th and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is tive of the product as a whole, rather than for inco ponent(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nomina product required to prepare aqueous test extract	e components is representa- lividual com- l amount of
Ecotoxicity			
Product: Toxicity to fish (Acute toxic- ity)	:	Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l	
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l	
Toxicity to algae (Acute toxic- ity)	:	Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l	
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxic-	:	Remarks: Data not available	
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ity)		
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chron- ic toxicity)	: Remarks: Data not available	
Toxicity to bacteria (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: Data not available	
Persistence and degradabilit	у	
Product:		
Biodegradability		t readily biodegradable. Sted to be inherently biodegrada s that may persist in the enviror
Bioaccumulative potential		
Product:		
Bioaccumulation	: Remarks: Contains compone cumulate.	ents with the potential to bioac-
Mobility in soil		
Product:		
Mobility	: Remarks: Liquid under most If it enters soil, it will adsorb mobile.	environmental conditions. to soil particles and will not be
	Remarks: Floats on water.	
Other adverse effects		
no data available		
Product:	· Droduct is a mixture of service	valatila componente which are r
Additional ecological informa- tion	expected to be released to a	rolatile components, which are r ir in any significant quantities. depletion potential, photochemi or global warming potential.
	Poorly soluble mixture. May cause physical fouling c	of aquatic organisms.

Waste from residues	: Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.
	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional,
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	national, and local laws and regula Local regulations may be more str tional requirements and must be c	ingent than regional or na-
Contaminated packaging	: Dispose in accordance with preva to a recognized collector or contra the collector or contractor should I Disposal should be in accordance national, and local laws and regula	ctor. The competence of be established beforehand. with applicable regional,

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

National Regulations

US Department of Transportation Classification (49 CFR Parts 171-180)

Not regulated as a dangerous good

International Regulation

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Pollution category Ship type Product name Special precautions Special precautions for user	 Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable
Remarks	: Special Precautions: Refer to Chapter 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.
Additional Information	: MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

OSHA Hazards

: No OSHA Hazards

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

Components	CAS-No.	Component RQ (lbs)	Calculated product RQ (lbs)
Ethylene Glycol	107-21-1	5000	*

*: Calculated RQ exceeds reasonably attainable upper limit.

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

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		1 mill Bato. 10/01/2010

Calculated RQ exceeds reasonably attainable upper limit., Shell classifies this material as an "oil" under the CERCLA Petroleum Exclusion, therefore releases to the environment are not reportable under CERCLA.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards	:	No SARA Hazards
SARA 302	:	No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.
SARA 313	:	This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

Clean Water Act

This product does not contain any Hazardous Chemicals listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table 117.3.

Pennsylvania Right To Know

i onnoyivania i	agine to ration		
	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic		64742-54-7
	Ethanediol		107-21-1
California Prop	o 65	This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other re- productive harm.	
The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:			
EINECS	:	All components listed or pol	ymer exempt.
TSCA	:	All components listed.	

: Not all components listed.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

DSL

NFPA Rating (Health, Fire, Reac- 0, 1, 0 tivity)

 n indicates an amendment from the previous version. The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this document can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries) and/or websites. 	
ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists ADR = European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road AICS = Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances ASTM = American Society for Testing and Materials	

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	BEL = Biological exposure limits	
	BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Et	
	CAS = Chemical Abstracts Ser	
	CEFIC = European Chemical Ir	
	CLP = Classification Packaging	and Labelling
	COC = Cleveland Open-Cup	
	DIN = Deutsches Institut fur No	-
	DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect	
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Leve DSL = Canada Domestic Subst	
	EC = European Commission	
	EC50 = Effective Concentration	h fifty
	ECETOC = European Center o	
	gy Of Chemicals	
	ECHA = European Chemicals A	Agency
	EINECS = The European Inver	
	Chemical Substances	-
	EL50 = Effective Loading fifty	
	ENCS = Japanese Existing and New Che	d New Chemical Substances
	Inventory	
	EWC = European Waste Code	
	GHS = Globally Harmonised Sy	stem of Classification and
	Labelling of Chemicals IARC = International Agency fo	r Pasaarah an Canaar
	IATA = International Air Transp	
	IC50 = Inhibitory Concentration	
	IL50 = Inhibitory Level fifty	
	IMDG = International Maritime	Dangerous Goods
	INV = Chinese Chemicals Inve	
	IP346 = Institute of Petroleum test method N° 3 determination of polycyclic aromatics DMSO-extr	
	KECI = Korea Existing Chemica	
	LC50 = Lethal Concentration fif	
	LD50 = Lethal Dose fifty per ce	
	LL/EL/IL = Lethal Loading/Effec	clive Loading/Inhibitory loading
	LL50 = Lethal Loading fifty MARPOL = International Conve	antion for the Prevention of
	Pollution From Ships	
	NOEC/NOEL = No Observed E	ffect Concentration / No Ob-
	served Effect Level	
	OE_HPV = Occupational Expos	sure - High Production Volume
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumula	
	PICCS = Philippine Inventory o	f Chemicals and Chemical
	Substances	
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Co	
	REACH = Registration Evaluati	ion And Authorisation Of
	Chemicals	ntornational Carriage of Dan
	RID = Regulations Relating to I gerous Goods by Rail	memalional Camage of Dan-
	SKIN_DES = Skin Designation	
	STEL = Short term exposure lir	nit
	TRA = Targeted Risk Assessm	
	TSCA = US Toxic Substances	
	TWA = Time-Weighted Average	
	vPvB = very Persistent and ver	
		-

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This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.